Name:

The short concrete cylinder having a diameter of 50 mm is subjected to a torque of 500 N m and an axial compressive force of 2 kN. Determine if it fails according to the maximum normal stress theory. The ultimate stress of the concrete is 28 MPa.



2. If a solid shaft having a diameter d is subjected to a torque T and moment M, show that by the maximum normal stress theory the maximum allowable principal stress is

 $Qr Q1 \int dd^3 t \int M \tilde{Z} \sqrt{M^2 \tilde{Z} T^2} t$ 

